



Pigtailed Coaxial Single Photon Avalanche Diode (SPAD) PGA-300

1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Princeton Lightwave SPAD is an InGaAs/InP avalanche photodetector designed specifically for single photon counting applications. The device is intended for use at voltage biases above the breakdown voltage (in the so-called “Geiger mode”) so that a single photon incident on the detector will give rise to a macroscopic current pulse. Combined with appropriate pulse detection circuitry, this device allows for the detection of single photons in the wavelength range from 0.95 to 1.65 μm .

The PLI SPAD described in this datasheet is a back-illuminated device provided in a pigtailed TO-46 can.

2. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

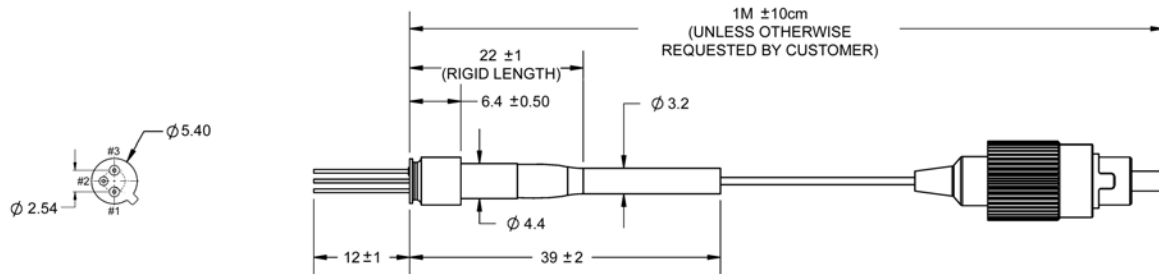
Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Specifications			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Linear Mode Parameters (case temperature 295 K, all voltages and currents are reverse biased)					
Breakdown voltage, V_b	case temperature 295 K, $I_d = 10 \mu\text{A}$	50	70	90	V
Temperature dependence of V_b, γ	Between 300K and 150K, linear approximation		0.15		%/K
Quantum Efficiency, QE	1550 nm, M=1 (Linear mode) 1300 nm, M=1 (Linear mode)		60 75		%
Total Dark Current, I_d	M=10; primarily non-multiplied I_d		0.3		nA
Capacitance, C	M=10, 1 MHz		0.25		pF
Geiger Mode Parameters					
Detection Efficiency, DE	case temperature 233 K, 1550 nm, at DCR max	20			%
Dark Count Rate, DCR	case temperature 233 K, at DE min			100	kHz

3. MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Forward Current	Continuous bias		1	mA
Forward Voltage	Continuous bias		1	V
Reverse Current	Continuous bias		1	mA
Reverse Voltage	Continuous bias		$(V_b + 5)$	V
Reverse Voltage	Pulsed (gated operation)		$(V_b + 10)$	V
Optical Power	Continuous wave (CW)		1	mW
Case Temperature		-65	65	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum ratings indicate conditions that the device can be exposed to for short periods of time without damage. Although InGaAs SPADs are sometimes operated at temperatures below -60°C , these devices have not yet been tested to establish their reliability characteristics at very low temperatures and under extreme conditions of thermal cycling.

4. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



TO-46 Pin-out

Pin	Description
#1	P-contact (Anode)
#2	Case Ground
#3	N-contact (Cathode)

5. PRODUCT HANDLING

These avalanche photodiodes are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and should be handled with appropriate caution, including the use of ESD protective equipment such as grounding straps and anti-static mats.